PATENT

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In the Application of:

OMOLAYO O. FAMODU

ATTY. DOCKET NO.: BB1191 DIV

APPLICATION NO.: 09/846,589

GROUP ART UNIT: 1652

FILED: MAY 1, 2001

EXAMINER: KERR, KATHLEEN M.

CONFIRMATION NO.: 5132

FOR: PLANT AMINOACYL-tRNA SYNTHETASE

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT AND RESPONSE TO RESTRICTION REQUIREMENT

Assistant Commissioner for Patents Washington, DC 20231

RECEIVED

DEC 0 4 2002

Sir:

TECH CENTER 1600/2900

This is a Preliminary Amendment and Response to the Restriction Requirement set forth in the Office Action mailed September 24, 2002. A Petition for Extension of Time for one (1) months up to and including November 25, 2002 (Monday) is filed simultaneously herewith. Please enter the following:

IN THE SPECIFICATION:

Please amend the specification as follows; a marked-up version showing changes made is attached hereto:

Paragraph at page 9, lines 16-38:

A "substantial portion" of an amino acid or nucleotide sequence comprises an amino acid or a nucleotide sequence that is sufficient to afford putative identification of the protein or gene that the amino acid or nucleotide sequence comprises. Amino acid and nucleotide sequences can be evaluated either manually by one skilled in the art, or by using computer-based sequence comparison and identification tools that employ algorithms such as BLAST (Basic Local Alignment Search Tool; Altschul et al. (1993) *J. Mol. Biol. 215*:403-410). In general, a sequence of ten or more contiguous amino acids or thirty or more contiguous nucleotides is necessary in order to putatively identify a polypeptide or nucleic acid sequence as homologous to a known protein or gene. Moreover, with respect to nucleotide sequences, genespecific oligonucleotide probes comprising 30 or more contiguous nucleotides may

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